Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06) Auditing Procedures Report

					nd P.A. 71 of 1919,	as amende				_			
Local Unit of Government Type				_	_	Local Unit Na	me	County					
	Count		City	□Twp	□Village	Other		1					
Fisc	al Yea	r End			Opinion Date			Date Audit Report Submit	ted to State				
We a	ffirm	that			•			•					
We a	Ve are certified public accountants licensed to practice in Michigan.												
We f	Ve further affirm the following material, "no" responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the												
	lanagement Letter (report of comments and recommendations).												
	YES	8	Check ea	Check each applicable box below. (See instructions for further detail.)									
1.			All required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the reporting entity notes to the financial statements as necessary.										
2.								unit's unreserved fund ba budget for expenditures.	alances/unre	estricted net assets			
3.			The local	unit is in o	compliance wit	h the Unit	form Chart of	Accounts issued by the D	epartment	of Treasury.			
4.			The local	unit has a	ndopted a budç	get for all	required funds	S.					
5.			A public h	nearing on	the budget wa	as held in	accordance v	vith State statute.					
6.					not violated the ssued by the L				ne Emerger	ncy Municipal Loan Act, or			
7.			The local	unit has n	ot been delind	uent in di	stributing tax	revenues that were collec	cted for ano	ther taxing unit.			
8.			The local	unit only l	nolds deposits	/investme	nts that comp	ly with statutory requirem	ents.				
9.								s that came to our attentionsed (see Appendix H of E		ed in the <i>Bulletin for</i>			
10.			that have	not been	previously con	nmunicate	ed to the Loca			during the course of our audit . If there is such activity that has			
11.			The local	unit is free	e of repeated of	comments	from previou	s years.					
12.			The audit	opinion is	UNQUALIFIE	D.							
13.					complied with (or GASB 34 a	s modified by MCGAA St	atement #7	and other generally			
14.			The board	d or counc	il approves all	invoices	prior to payme	ent as required by charter	or statute.				
15.			To our kn	owledge,	bank reconcilia	ations tha	t were review	ed were performed timely	'.				
If a local unit of government (authorities and commissions included) is operating within the boundaries of the audited entity and is not included in this or any other audit report, nor do they obtain a stand-alone audit, please enclose the name(s), address(es), and a description(s) of the authority and/or commission. I, the undersigned, certify that this statement is complete and accurate in all respects.													
We	have	e end	losed the	following	g:	Enclose	d Not Requir	ed (enter a brief justification)				
Fina	ancia	ıl Sta	tements										
The	lette	er of (Comments	and Reco	ommendations								
Oth	er (D	escrib	e)										
Cert	fied P	ublic A	ccountant (Fi	irm Name)		1	,	Telephone Number					
Stre	et Add	ress						City	State	Zip			
Auth	uthorizing CPA Signature Sharon J. Vargo Printed Name License Number												

Financial Report
with Supplemental Information
June 30, 2007

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Joint Board of Commissioners Benton Harbor - St. Joseph Joint Wastewater Treatment Plant

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Benton Harbor - St. Joseph Joint Wastewater Treatment Plant as of June 30, 2007 and 2006 and for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Joint Plant's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Benton Harbor - St. Joseph Joint Wastewater Treatment Plant at June 30, 2007 and 2006 and the changes in financial position, including cash flows, for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of Benton Harbor - St. Joseph Joint Wastewater Treatment Plant. We did not examine this data and, accordingly, do not express an opinion thereon.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Joint Plant's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Plante & Moran, PLLC



Management's Discussion and Analysis

About the Facility

Benton Harbor - St. Joseph Joint Wastewater Treatment Plant (the "Joint Plant") serves the Benton Harbor - St. Joseph regional area with wastewater treatment services. The facility is owned by the cities of Benton Harbor and St. Joseph, as tenants in common. Control, management, and operation of the Joint Plant are vested in the joint board of commissioners (the "Joint Board"). The Joint Board consists of eight members, with three representatives each from the cities of Benton Harbor and St. Joseph and one member each from Benton Charter Township and the Lake Michigan Shoreline Water and Sewage Treatment Authority. Act 129 of Michigan Public Acts of 1943 is the enabling state legislation authorizing the cities of Benton Harbor and St. Joseph to establish the Joint Board. The Joint Plant is a corporate body under Act 129. Act 129 charges the Joint Board with establishing treatment service rates adequate to pay bonded indebtedness and operating costs.

The Joint Plant provides wastewater treatment services to the owner cities of Benton Harbor and St. Joseph, the townships of Benton, St. Joseph, Lincoln, and Royalton, and the villages of Shoreham and Stevensville. The connected service population is approximately 57,140. Treatment capacity of the facility is 15.3 million gallons per day. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the Joint Plant treated an average flow of 8.7 million gallons per day.

Mission Statement and Sources of Revenue

The Joint Plant's mission is to protect the local water resources through the development and use of sound operating and fiscal practices in the treatment of municipal wastewater. To meet its mission, the Joint Plant must generate sufficient funds through its bulk (wholesale) treatment rate to meet current operating and maintenance costs and long-term capital requirements. The bulk rate charged tributary governmental units for wastewater treatment service is reviewed annually and adjusted periodically by the loint Board to meet projected needs. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the bulk treatment rate was \$1,143 per million gallons. The bulk treatment rate provides in excess of 95 percent of the Joint Plant's total operating revenue. Revenue contributed by the tributary governmental units is a factor of discharged flow and the bulk treatment rate. Other sources of revenue, in order of magnitude, include septic tank waste treatment, industrial surcharges (high-strength wastewaters), and laboratory fees. Revenue from bulk treatment increased during this fiscal year due to a significant increase in tributary governmental flows when compared to fiscal year 2005-2006. In addition, revenue from septic tank dischargers increased as the number of such contributing firms has increased, as well as the unit rate to treat septic waste effective July 1, 2006. Revenues from industrial surcharges and laboratory fees have been on a steady decline in recent years as the number of permitted industrial users and extra strength dischargers have decreased. At this time, Old Europe Cheese is the only significant extra strength discharger in the Joint Plant's service area.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Condensed Financial Information

The following table represents condensed information about the Joint Plant's financial position for the past three fiscal years. Total net assets increased by approximately \$1,925,000 between fiscal years 2005 and 2007. Unrestricted net assets include an amount designated by the Joint Board for future construction projects. Investment maturities have been structured to meet these future needs:

	2007 2006			2005	
Assets					
Current assets	\$	5,888,766	\$ 7,539,172	\$	8,984,539
Capital assets		16,232,299	 14,150,842		9,496,358
Total assets		22,121,065	21,690,014		18,480,897
Liabilities					
Current liabilities		1,399,374	1,864,902		505,199
Long-term debt		821,076	 1,178,369		
Total liabilities		2,220,450	 3,043,271	_	505,199
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets		15,053,929	12,628,174		9,496,358
Unrestricted		4,846,686	 6,018,569		8,479,340
Total net assets	\$ I	19,900,615	\$ 18,646,743	\$	17,975,698

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Operating Income and Expenses

The Joint Plant's financial position at June 30, 2007 is sound. Operating income from the bulk treatment charges combined with nonoperating interest income and revenue from septage treatment charges, industrial "high-strength" surcharges, laboratory fees, and other miscellaneous income was adequate to meet operating expenses. The largest capital improvement project to date, the Digester Renovation and Chlorination Project, with a cost of approximately \$10,000,000, is expected to be completed in late fall 2007. The next scheduled improvement project calls for the installation of an additional raw wastewater influent pump and associated electrical system upgrades. This project cost is estimated at \$1,600,000 and will be funded from reserves. Operating income and expense, nonoperating income, and capital improvement expenditures for the past three fiscal years are presented below:

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30)
		2007		2006		2005
Operating revenue:						
Operating income (treatment charges) Lab, septic, and miscellaneous billings	\$	3,918,615 123,102	\$ 	3,171,291 74,336	\$ 	3,496,057 67,861
Total operating revenue		4,041,717		3,245,627		3,563,918
Operating expenses:						
Operating and maintenance costs		1,937,469		1,818,404		1,843,213
Depreciation		755,249		731,961		758,646
Administrative and other		306,069		269,511		293,570
Total operating expenses		2,998,787		2,819,876		2,895,429
Nonoperating income (expense):						
Nonoperating income (interest income)		261,622		300,218		171,942
Nonoperating expense (interest expense)		(50,680)		(54,924)		(35,441)
Total nonoperating income		210,942		245,294		136,501
Net income	\$	1,253,872	\$	671,045	<u>\$</u>	804,990
Expenditures for capital improvements	\$	2,836,706	\$	5,389,550	<u>\$</u>	768,332

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

As the data indicates, operating revenue for fiscal year 2007 increased by approximately \$796,000 over the previous fiscal year as a result of higher flows from the tributary governmental units and an increase in the bulk treatment rate effective January I, 2006. Looking forward, operating income is anticipated to steadily rise over the next five years with forecasted increases in the bulk treatment rate. Operating expenses increased slightly from the previous fiscal year by approximately \$179,000, mainly due to increased pension fund contributions, health care and natural gas cost increases, and additional billing charges due the cities of Benton Harbor and St. Joseph. Operating expenses are expected to trend upward. The Joint Plant is experiencing increasing difficulty in managing operating costs with rising natural gas costs and increased employee benefit cost, primarily in the area of health insurance premiums and required pension fund contributions. Management recognizes that control over year-to-year operating costs is essential to the long-term financial health of the facility. Efforts to control operating costs are ongoing. A five-year financial plan is employed to forecast revenue, operating and maintenance, and capital improvements costs.

Nonoperating Interest Income

In years past as well as in fiscal year 2007, nonoperating income has significantly contributed to the Joint Plant's overall revenue base. The decrease in interest income this past year is a reflection of the Joint Plant's decreasing reserves due to large capital improvement expenditures in the past two years of approximately \$8,200,000. Interest rates have remained stable and are expected to decrease slightly over the next year. With the funding requirements for completion of the Digester Renovation and Chlorination Project and the startup of the New Influent Wastewater Pump and Electrical Upgrade Project, the Joint Plant's investment portfolio is expected to decrease along with interest income over the next fiscal year.

Capital Improvements and Funding Requirements

Funding needs for capital improvements are a significant element in the Joint Plant's financial plan. The facility's five-year capital plan calls for the expenditure of \$9,020,000 in facility improvements. Of this amount, approximately \$4,312,000 is currently available to meet capital requirements. The balance of the required funds will be generated through operating revenues and, possibly, short-term capital equipment leases. For fiscal year 2006-2007, capital expenditures were primarily related to construction, inspection, and engineering work associated with the digester renovation and chlorination project and, to some extent, design engineering work related to the new influent wastewater pump and electrical upgrade project.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Looking beyond the next five years, capital improvements totaling an additional \$11,975,000 have been identified. These proposed projects are listed in the Joint Plant's 10-year capital improvement plan as found in the fiscal year 2007-2008 budget. These projected capital needs are a result of the strategic capital improvement plan (SCIP) prepared for the Joint Plant by Consoer Townsend Envirodyne Engineers. Elements of the SCIP include assessment of the physical condition of the existing plant, a review of projected future service requirements (population, business, and residential growth within the Joint Plant's service area), existing treatment process and hydraulic capacity limitations in the facility, and identification of capital needs over the next 10 years. The SCIP study was completed in fiscal year 2004 and provides a roadmap for future capital projects at the Joint Plant.

Fiscal Year 2007 Budget Variances

The 2007 fiscal year ended with actual operating revenue higher than budgeted revenue by approximately \$618,000. Operating expenses before depreciation, on the other hand, closed the year under budget by approximately \$341,000. Savings in budgeted labor expense (\$161,612), operating supplies (\$46,303), repair and maintenance supplies and contracts (\$43,737), and public utilities (\$78,104) accounted for a majority of this amount. Savings of this magnitude are not anticipated for future budget years. The contract with the Joint Plant's land application contractor will expire in December 2008. The latest supply contract bids for polymer and ferrous chloride resulted in significantly higher unit costs for these materials. The subject contracts have been extended through December 2007 for cationic polymer and April 2008 for ferrous chloride. Disinfection costs are expected to rise as a result of the plant's conversion from gaseous chlorine and sulfur dioxide to liquid sodium hypochlorite and sodium bisulfite, which are much safer and environmentally friendly products. The supply contracts for these disinfection agents have been extended through December 2008. While natural gas and electric power costs came in below budget, the costs of these commodities are expected to rise in the coming years. Natural gas costs have risen and are quite unstable on a monthly basis. The feasibility of purchasing natural gas supply contracts has been implemented in the past and is being evaluated on a continual basis.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Capital Assets

An appraisal of the loint Plant's buildings and equipment is conducted annually for property insurance purposes. The appraisal conducted on December 8, 2006 established the replacement insurable value of the plant at \$42,679,706. To protect this investment in physical assets, the Joint Plant has developed and maintains a 10-year capital improvement plan. The capital plan, which is updated annually, is directed toward maintaining, improving, and expanding the facility. Identified capital improvements total \$9,020,000 over the next five years and \$20,995,000 over 10 years. Funding for the proposed improvements is anticipated to come from operating revenue. Long-term bonding is not expected to be employed to fund these improvements. Lease purchase agreements may be utilized to meet short-term, three- to sixyear cash flow requirements for these projects. The general condition of the physical assets (buildings and equipment) is considered good, but maintaining the capital improvement schedule as proposed will be critical in protecting the long-term value and reliability of these assets. Consoer Townsend Envirodyne Engineers, along with the Joint Plant's management, has developed an updated strategic capital improvement plan for the facility. This plan identifies and prioritizes capital needs and their associated costs through fiscal year 2016. The study was completed in fiscal year 2004.

The Joint Plant has entered into a capital lease agreement with Key Governmental Finance for the purpose of short-term funding for the current improvement project. A total of \$1,800,000 was secured for this purpose with a repayment term of 60 months. Proposals were solicited from several financial institutions and reviewed by the Joint Board prior to entering into the agreement with Key Governmental Finance. A balance of \$1,178,370 is outstanding as of June 30, 2007.

Contacting the Joint Plant's Management

The purpose of this management's discussion and analysis is to provide an overview of the current and prospective financial condition of the Joint Plant's operations and physical assets. Questions concerning this report may be directed to Timothy J. Lynch, plant manager.

Statement of Net Assets

	June 30			
		2007		2006
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$	1,887,025	\$	1,618,393
Investments (Note 3)		3,249,700		5,417,805
Accounts receivable		579,482		285,032
Accrued interest receivable		77,745		126,710
Prepaid expenses		94,814		91,232
Capital assets - Net (Note 4):				
Assets subject to depreciation		12,860,003		7,561,671
Assets not subject to depreciation		3,372,296		6,589,171
Total assets		22,121,065		21,690,014
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		404,334		901,284
Contracts retainage payable		459,281		461,159
Accrued wages payable and other liabilities		178,465		158,160
Noncurrent liabilities (Note 5):				
Due within one year - Capital lease		357,294		344,299
Due in more than one year - Capital lease		821,076		1,178,369
Total liabilities		2,220,450		3,043,271
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets - Net of related debt		15,053,929		12,628,174
Unrestricted (Note 2)		4,846,686		6,018,569
Total net assets	<u>\$ 1</u>	9,900,615	\$	18,646,743

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

	Year Ended June 30			
		2007		2006
Operating Revenue				
Sewage treatment charges	\$	3,918,615	\$	3,171,291
Laboratory fees	Ψ	17,810	Ψ	21,106
Miscellaneous		105,292		53,230
Total operating revenue		4,041,717		3,245,627
Operating Expenses				
Operation and maintenance		1,937,469		1,818,404
Depreciation		755,249		731,961
Administrative and other		306,069		269,511
Total operating expenses		2,998,787		2,819,876
Operating Income		1,042,930		425,751
Nonoperating Income (Expense)				
Interest earnings on investments		261,622		300,218
Interest expense		(50,680)		(51,818)
Loss on disposal of capital asset				(3,106)
Total nonoperating income		210,942		245,294
Net Income		1,253,872		671,045
Net Assets - Beginning of year		18,646,743		17,975,698
Net Assets - End of year	\$	19,900,615	<u>\$ 1</u>	8,646,743

Statement of Cash Flows

	Year Ende			ed June 30		
		2007		2006		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities						
Cash received from customers	\$	3,747,267	\$	3,414,247		
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(1,032,005)		(819,299)		
Cash payments to employees for services	_	(1,074,808)		(1,017,093)		
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,640,454		1,577,855		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Payments for acquisition or construction of capital assets		(3,455,536)		(4,686,658)		
Proceeds received for capital debt		-		1,800,000		
Principal and interest paid on capital debt		(394,980)	_	(329,150)		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(3,850,516)		(3,215,808)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities						
Proceeds from sale of investments		5,417,805		5,469,072		
Payments for purchase of investments		(3,249,700)		(4,337,039)		
Interest received on investments		310,589	_	264,761		
Net cash provided by investing activities		2,478,694		1,396,794		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		268,632		(241,159)		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year		1,618,393		1,859,552		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	\$	1,887,025	\$	1,618,393		
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash from						
Operating Activities						
Operating income	\$	1,042,930	\$	425,75 I		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash						
from operating activities - Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Depreciation		755,249		731,961		
(Increase) decrease in assets:						
Accounts receivable		(294,450)		168,620		
Prepaid expenses		(3,582)		(60,989)		
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		100.000		/I.E.A. ====:		
Accounts payable		120,002		(156,755)		
Accrued wages and other liabilities		20,305	_	469,267		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,640,454	\$	1,577,855		

Noncash Operating, Capital, and Investing Activities - During the year, there were no noncash activities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

Note I - Nature of Entity

Benton Harbor - St. Joseph Joint Wastewater Treatment Plant (the "Joint Plant") is a joint venture of the cities of Benton Harbor and St. Joseph, Michigan and was created pursuant to Public Act 129, Michigan Public Acts of 1943. Its allowed purpose is to acquire and operate a sewage disposal system. The Joint Plant currently operates a sewage transportation and processing system to these communities as well as for surrounding municipalities.

The Internal Revenue Service has ruled that the Joint Plant is a political subdivision of the State of Michigan and, as a result, is exempt from federal income tax.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Benton Harbor - St. Joseph Joint Wastewater Treatment Plant conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity - The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in a reporting entity. In accordance with these guidelines, there are no component units to be included in the financial statements.

Basis of Accounting - The accrual basis of accounting is used to account for the operations of the Joint Plant. The Joint Plant follows all pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and those of the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued prior to November 30, 1989. The Joint Plant has elected not to follow private sector standards issued after November 30, 1989.

Operating Revenue - Operating revenue represents billings to area municipalities based on flow rates metered by the Joint Plant as well as charges to local businesses for extra strength industrial processing.

Capital Assets - Property, plant, and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation has been charged as an expense against operations of the Joint Plant on a straight-line basis.

Cash Equivalents - The Joint Board considers all highly liquid investments purchased with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. In addition, the statement of cash flows includes both restricted and unrestricted cash and cash equivalents.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investments - Investments are recorded at fair value, based on quoted market prices.

Unrestricted Net Assets - The Joint Plant, through board action, has designated the use of unrestricted net assets as follows:

	 2007	 2006	
Designated for future repairs and replacements Undesignated and unallocated	\$ 4,000,000 846,686	\$ 5,500,000 518,569	
Total unrestricted net assets	\$ 4,846,686	\$ 6,018,569	

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The Joint Plant has designated one bank for the deposit of its funds. The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in all of the above except deposits in credit unions and repurchase agreements. The Joint Plant's deposits and investment policies are in accordance with statutory authority.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The Joint Plant's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Joint Plant's deposits may not be returned to it. The Joint Plant does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the Joint Plant had approximately \$4,044,000 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The Joint Plant believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the Joint Plant evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Custodial Credit Risk of Investments - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Joint Plant will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Joint Plant does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, approximately \$200,000 of investment securities were uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the Joint Plant's name.

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The Joint Plant's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities other than commercial paper, which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity. At year end, the maturities of investments are as follows:

		Investment Maturity			
		Less than			
Investment	Fair Value	l Year	I-5 Years		
Commercial paper	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	\$ -		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk - State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The Joint Plant has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

Investment	Fair Value	Rating	Rating Organization
Commercial paper	\$ 300,000	P-I	Moody's

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows:

						Depreciable
	2006	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	2007	Life - Years
Land	\$ 24,161	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,161	-
Land improvements	104,032	-	-	-	104,032	10-25
Buildings	12,884,554	-	-	-	12,884,554	25-50
Equipment	6,849,573	36,777	(773,731)	6,016,804	12,129,423	3-25
Construction in progress	6,565,010	2,799,929	<u> </u>	(6,016,804)	3,348,135	-
Total	26,427,330	2,836,706	(773,731)	-	28,490,305	
Less accumulated depreciation	(12,276,488)	(755,249)	773,731		(12,258,006)	
Net carrying amount	\$14,150,842	\$ 2,081,457	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 16,232,299	

The Joint Plant had commitments as of June 30, 2007 as follows:

	Spent to		Remaining		
		Date	Commitment		
WWTP 2004 improvements	\$	7,660,000	\$	695,000	
Influent pumping project		113,000		13,000	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

Note 5 - Long-term Debt

The Joint Plant has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for the purpose of financing the completion of the Digester Renovation and Chlorination Project. A summary of debt outstanding of the Joint Plant at June 30, 2007 is as follows:

							Amounts
	Interest	Principal	Beginning			Ending	Due within
	Rate	Maturity Date	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Capital lease payable	3.710	8/30/2010	\$ 1,522,668	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ (344,298)</u>	\$1,178,370	\$ 357,294
Amount of issue: \$1,8	300,000						

Debt Service Requirements

The annual requirements to service all debt outstanding as of June 30, 2007, including both principal and interest, are as follows:

Years Ending					
June 30		Principal	Interest		
2008		\$ 357,294	\$	37,686	
2009		370,778	·	24,202	
2010		384,772		10,208	
2011		 65,526		304	
	Total	\$ 1,178,370	\$	72,400	

Interest

Interest expense of the Joint Plant for the year ended June 30, 2007 approximated \$51,000.

Note 6 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description - Benton Harbor - St. Joseph Joint Wastewater Treatment Plant contributes to the City of St. Joseph Employees' Retirement System, a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the City of St. Joseph. The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that is included in the basic financial statements of the City of St. Joseph. That report may be obtained by writing to the City of St. Joseph, Broad Street, St. Joseph, Michigan.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

Note 6 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established by a resolution of the Joint Plant's board of directors and requires a contribution from the employees of 4 percent of gross wages. The Joint Plant is required to contribute at actuarially required rates resulting in a contribution of \$67,659 and \$6,728 for the years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. The contribution for the year ending June 30, 2008 is projected at 11.43 percent of payroll.

Note 7 - Other Postemployment Benefits

The Joint Plant has elected to provide postemployment health benefits to certain retirees. The Joint Plant pays 50 percent of the cost of medical premiums for all retired management employees until the age of 65. The Joint Plant also pays 50 percent of the medical premiums for all union employees for up to 24 months from the eligibility date of retirement. Currently, two retirees are receiving postemployment health benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the Joint Plant made payments for postemployment health benefit premiums of approximately \$16,000. The Joint Plant obtains health care coverage through private insurers.

Upcoming Reporting Change - The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has recently released Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*. The new pronouncement provides guidance for governmental entities in recognizing the cost of retiree health care, as well as any "other" postemployment benefits (other than pensions). The new rules will cause the government-wide financial statements to recognize the cost of providing retiree health care coverage over the working life of the employee, rather than at the time the health care premiums are paid. The new pronouncement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2010.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2007 and 2006

Note 8 - Risk Management

The Joint Plant is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, unemployment claims, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Joint Plant participates in the following risk management plans sponsored by the Michigan Municipal League to minimize its exposure to loss in these areas:

- Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool Property, general liability, errors and omissions, and automotive coverage
- Municipal Unemployment Compensation Group Account
- Michigan Municipal Workers' Compensation Fund
- Michigan Municipal League Cluster for Employee Medical Benefits Blue Cross/Blue Shield and vision coverage

The Joint Plant has also purchased commercial insurance coverage for dental benefits (all employees) and short-term disability benefits for unionized employees.

The Michigan Municipal League operates/administers the referenced risks management plans for local units of government in Michigan; members' premiums are used to support the risk pools and underlying coverage, to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage, and to pay claims in excess of deductible amounts.

Settled claims relating to the various risk pools or commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Supplemental Information

Schedule of Treatment Charges - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Original and			Variance		
	Amended			Favorable		
	В	udget	Actual		(Unfavorable)	
Sewage Treatment Charges						
Benton Harbor billings:						
City of Benton Harbor	\$	628,000	\$	633,691	\$	5,691
Benton Charter Township	Ι,	,017,000		1,207,004		190,004
St. Joseph Charter Township		108,000		105,244		(2,756)
Total Benton Harbor billings	Ι,	,753,000		1,945,939		192,939
St. Joseph billings:						
City of St. Joseph		743,000		866,383		123,383
Lake Michigan Shoreline Authority		949,000		1,056,027		107,027
Total St. Joseph billings	Ι,	,692,000		1,922,410		230,410
Industrial surcharges		36,000		50,266		14,266
Total sewage treatment						
charges	3,	,481,000		3,918,615		437,615
Other Operating Income						
Laboratory fees		18,000		17,810		(190)
Miscellaneous fees		50,900		105,292		54,392
Nonoperating Income - Interest earnings						
on investments		135,000		261,622		126,622
Total revenue	\$ 3,0	684,900	\$	4,303,339	\$	618,439

Schedule of Operating Expenses - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Original and Amended Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Operation and Maintenance						
Payroll expenses	\$	1,256,725	\$	1,095,113	\$	161,612
Operating supplies		123,200		76,897		46,303
Repair and maintenance supplies		26,700		14,512		12,188
Sludge handling		245,000		243,111		1,889
Transportation		11,200		8,485		2,715
Repair and maintenance contracts		84,200		57,255		26,945
Public utilities		520,200		442,096		78,104
Total operation and maintenance	<u>\$</u>	2,267,225	<u>\$</u>	1,937,469	\$	329,756
Administrative and Other						
Professional services	\$	48,100	\$	23,968	\$	24,132
Office supplies		6,000		4,373		1,627
Printing		700		460		240
Insurance and bonds		50,400		49,147		1,253
Billing charges		172,300		193,512		(21,212)
Miscellaneous		40,500		34,609	_	5,891
Total administrative and other	\$	318,000	\$	306,069	\$	11,931

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August 15, 2007

To the Joint Board of Commissioners Benton Harbor - St. Joseph Joint Wastewater Treatment Plant

In connection with the audit of the financial statements of Benton Harbor - St. Joseph Joint Wastewater Treatment Plant (the "Joint Plant") for the year ended June 30, 2007, we offer the following comments and recommendations:

Financial Overview

During the year ended June 30, 2007, the Joint Plant's overall financial condition remained stable with net income of approximately \$1.25 million. Total assets increased approximately \$431,000. This increase is reflected mostly in the balance of capital assets, which increased approximately \$2.1 million. Conversely, cash and investments have decreased approximately \$1.9 million. Net assets increased to approximately \$19.9 million. Of this net asset amount, \$5.5 million is board designated for future replacement of plant and equipment and \$15.0 million represents the investment in plant and equipment, leaving a negative balance of undesignated net assets of approximately \$650,000. Actual sewage treatment charges were approximately \$440,000 more than budgeted revenue. Total operating income increased by approximately \$617,000, which is an increase of 144 percent. This is the result of moderately higher than average flows from the tributary governmental units during the fiscal year and historically low flows in the previous fiscal year. Operating expenses (excluding depreciation expense) increased by approximately \$156,000, which is an increase of 7 percent, and were approximately \$12,000 less than budget. Overall, this generated a favorable variance of approximately \$490,000.

Retiree Health Care Benefits - Reminder

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board released Statement No. 45, Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The pronouncement provides guidance for local units of government in recognizing the cost of retiree health care, as well as any "other" postemployment benefits (other than pensions). The intent of this pronouncement is to recognize the cost of providing retiree health care coverage over the working life of the employee, rather than at the time the health care premiums are paid.

This statement is being phased in over a three-year period. It is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006, 2007, or 2008, depending on whether your revenues are over \$100 million, between \$10 million and \$100 million, or under \$10 million. Planning to make the annual recommended contribution generally requires up to three to six months for an actuarial valuation plus six months lead time to work the numbers into the budget. Therefore, we recommend that you begin the actuarial valuation at least one year prior to the date of implementation. The Joint Plant is expected to be required to implement this for fiscal year 2010.

Investment Policy Testing

During the audit, we reviewed the investment policy requirements of the Joint Plant and it appears that the Joint Plant is following this policy. We did not note any exceptions during our testing of June 30, 2007 balances. We would like to compliment the board on the excellent condition of the investment records and the positive condition of the investment portfolio. Based on our review, it appears that the portfolio is appropriately diversified, in order to comply with the policy. It also appears that all required procedures are in place and being followed by the plant manager as directed by the board.

Personnel Manual

The Joint Plant's personnel manual, which includes various employment policies, has not been updated for several years. Many of the policies are out of date. We recommend that the entire personnel manual be reviewed and updated as necessary. In addition, the manual should include a policy for the retiree health care benefits.

Accounting Record and Controls

We would like to compliment the joint board of commissioners and plant management for their sound and responsible financial leadership. This is evident in the overall positive condition of the Joint Plant's financial records and related documentation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The Joint Plant continues to maintain strong internal control procedures over cash collections, payroll, and cash disbursement functions. In addition, the appropriate authorization channels and checks and balances necessary for a sound internal control system are in place at the Joint Plant and operating effectively. Strong internal controls and procedures promote timely and accurate recording of financial transactions and provide pertinent information regarding the sources and uses of public funds. We encourage the Joint Plant to continue to modify and refine existing control procedures as future financial activities change.

We would be happy to discuss these comments with you at any time. We appreciate the courtesy extended to us during the audit.

Very truly yours,

Plante & Moran, PLLC

Sharon L. Vargo

Sharon L. Vargo